

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2022

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Wealthsimple Shariah World Equity Index ETF (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

Deloitte LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the unitholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation,
Manager of the ETF



Barry McInerney
President and Chief Executive Officer



Terry Rountes
Chief Financial Officer, Funds

June 3, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Wealthsimple Shariah World Equity Index ETF (the "ETF")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, changes in financial position and cash flows for the period then ended, as indicated in Note 1, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the period then ended, as indicated in Note 1, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards ("Canadian GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the ETF's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ETF's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Erez Seiler.

The logo for Deloitte LLP, featuring the word "Deloitte" in a cursive script followed by "LLP" in a plain sans-serif font.

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants
Toronto, Ontario
June 15, 2022

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2022
	\$
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Investments at fair value	125,863
Cash and cash equivalents	648
Dividends receivable	276
Accounts receivable for investments sold	–
Accounts receivable for units issued	2,656
Total assets	129,443
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable for investments purchased	2,653
Accounts payable for units redeemed	–
Due to manager	59
Total liabilities	2,712
Net assets attributable to unitholders	126,731

	Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)	
	per unit	per series
	2022	2022
CAD Units	26.40	126,731
		126,731

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the period ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2022
	\$
Income	
Dividends	1,983
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets	
Net realized gain (loss)	2,221
Net unrealized gain (loss)	(580)
Other	142
Total income (loss)	3,766
Expenses (note 6)	
Management fees	514
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	190
Independent Review Committee fees	–
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	704
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–
Net expenses	704
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations before tax	3,062
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	236
Foreign income taxes paid (recovered)	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	2,826

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)	
	per unit	per series
	2022	2022
CAD Units	0.74	2,826
		2,826

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the period ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD Units 2022
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	
Beginning of period	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	2,826
Distributions paid to unitholders:	
Investment income	(625)
Capital gains	(1,973)
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(2,598)
Unit transactions:	
Proceeds from units issued	137,566
Reinvested distributions	1,973
Payments on redemption of units	(13,036)
Total unit transactions	126,503
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	126,731
End of period	126,731
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Units
Units outstanding – beginning of period	–
Issued	5,300
Reinvested distributions	–
Redeemed	(500)
Units outstanding – end of period	4,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the period ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2022
	\$
Cash flows from operating activities	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	2,826
Adjustments for:	
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(2,237)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	580
Purchase of investments	(167,535)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	45,992
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	(276)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	59
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(120,591)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from units issued	134,910
Payments on redemption of units	(13,036)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(625)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	121,249
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	658
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	–
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	(10)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	648
Cash	648
Cash equivalents	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	648
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:	
Dividends received	1,707
Foreign taxes paid	236
Interest received	–
Interest paid	–

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at March 31, 2022

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ No. of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
ABB Ltd.	Switzerland	Industrials	18,924	790	775
Adidas AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	2,036	766	600
Air Liquide SA	France	Materials	5,077	1,072	1,121
Akzo Nobel NV	Netherlands	Materials	7,246	1,025	788
Alphabet Inc. Class C	United States	Communication Services	211	643	736
American Tower Corp. Class A	United States	Real Estate	2,219	694	696
Apple Inc.	United States	Information Technology	3,084	530	673
ASML Holding NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	722	641	612
Assa Abloy AB B	Sweden	Industrials	23,650	861	808
Astellas Pharma Inc.	Japan	Health Care	40,134	855	789
Auto Trader Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	62,072	633	646
Automatic Data Processing Inc.	United States	Information Technology	2,628	648	747
AvalonBay Communities Inc.	United States	Real Estate	2,319	609	719
Barry Callebaut AG	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	436	1,269	1,284
Beiersdorf AG	Germany	Consumer Staples	8,593	1,188	1,137
Best Buy Co. Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	4,590	629	521
BHP Billiton Ltd. (AUD shares)	Australia	Materials	20,429	879	992
Boliden AB	Sweden	Materials	13,633	680	874
Cameco Corp.	Canada	Energy	18,127	508	660
Canadian National Railway Co.	Canada	Industrials	6,186	876	1,037
Canon Inc.	Japan	Information Technology	24,756	719	762
Casio Computer Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	41,218	662	597
Celanese Corp. Series A	United States	Materials	3,104	589	554
Cerner Corp.	United States	Health Care	8,283	816	968
CGI Inc.	Canada	Information Technology	9,137	983	910
Chevron Corp.	United States	Energy	4,016	567	817
Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	19,236	856	811
Church & Dwight Co. Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	7,642	846	949
Cisco Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	9,907	658	690
CLP Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Utilities	110,400	1,373	1,343
The Coca-Cola Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	13,263	920	1,027
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp.	United States	Information Technology	6,422	599	719
Coloplast AS	Denmark	Health Care	4,450	863	852
Constellation Software Inc.	Canada	Information Technology	379	724	810
The Cooper Companies Inc.	United States	Health Care	1,573	796	820
COSMOS Pharmaceutical Corp.	Japan	Consumer Staples	3,834	690	585
Croda International PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	6,113	763	792
Crown Castle International Corp.	United States	Real Estate	3,165	709	730
Daito Trust Construction Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	5,367	715	717
Duke Realty Corp.	United States	Real Estate	9,649	583	700
eBay Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	8,960	683	641
ENN Energy Holdings Ltd.	China	Utilities	27,358	584	513
EOG Resources Inc.	United States	Energy	3,921	424	584
Epiroc AB Class A	Sweden	Industrials	25,438	716	689
Equinix Inc.	United States	Real Estate	756	694	700
Equity Residential	United States	Real Estate	6,381	618	717
EssilorLuxottica	France	Consumer Discretionary	3,340	732	772
Essity Aktiebolag Class B	Sweden	Consumer Staples	25,782	1,023	768
Expeditors International of Washington Inc.	United States	Industrials	5,602	809	722
Exxon Mobil Corp.	United States	Energy	8,244	651	850
FactSet Research Systems Inc.	United States	Financials	1,216	539	659
Fastenal Co.	United States	Industrials	9,730	641	722
Ferrari NV	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	2,700	699	746
Fortescue Metals Group Ltd.	Australia	Materials	29,487	544	571
Fortinet Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,316	403	562
Garmin Ltd.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	4,743	799	703
Geberit AG	Switzerland	Industrials	1,098	959	853
Genuine Parts Co.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	3,988	623	628
Givaudan SA	Switzerland	Materials	184	988	956
Halma PLC	United Kingdom	Information Technology	17,244	824	712
Healthpeak Properties Inc.	United States	Real Estate	13,825	619	593
Hermes International	France	Consumer Discretionary	446	755	801
The Hershey Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	3,923	866	1,061

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2022

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ No. of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
The Hong Kong and China Gas Co. Ltd.	Hong Kong	Utilities	642,665	1,252	973
Hoya Corp.	Japan	Health Care	3,986	644	576
IDEXX Laboratories Inc.	United States	Health Care	908	624	620
Illinois Tool Works Inc.	United States	Industrials	2,600	697	680
Imperial Oil Ltd.	Canada	Energy	11,947	503	723
Industria de Diseno Textil SA (Inditex)	Spain	Consumer Discretionary	19,087	790	525
Informa PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	69,996	655	693
Intertek Group PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	8,889	825	764
Jack Henry & Associates Inc.	United States	Information Technology	3,994	808	983
Johnson & Johnson	United States	Health Care	4,886	1,016	1,082
Kao Corp.	Japan	Consumer Staples	14,363	1,007	743
Kerry Group PLC A	Ireland	Consumer Staples	6,100	996	857
Kinnevik AB Class B	Sweden	Financials	16,911	705	561
Kone OYJ B	Finland	Industrials	12,292	1,123	813
Koninklijke DSM NV	Netherlands	Materials	3,608	832	815
Koninklijke Philips NV	Netherlands	Health Care	19,860	1,097	765
Kuehne + Nagel International AG	Switzerland	Industrials	2,364	966	844
Kyowa Hakko Kirin Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	22,554	811	661
Linde PLC	Ireland	Materials	1,997	740	797
The Link Real Estate Investment Trust	Hong Kong	Real Estate	94,951	1,066	1,015
L'Oréal SA	France	Consumer Staples	1,715	906	867
MasterCard Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	1,493	667	666
MEIJI Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Staples	14,218	1,070	967
Meta Platforms Inc.	United States	Communication Services	1,535	573	426
Microsoft Corp.	United States	Information Technology	1,829	601	704
Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc.	United States	Real Estate	2,788	635	729
Mondelez International Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	12,246	947	960
Mondi PLC	South Africa	Materials	26,362	843	647
Monster Beverage Corp.	United States	Consumer Staples	6,869	761	686
Moody's Corp.	United States	Financials	1,389	578	585
MSCI Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	835	529	524
Naver Corp.	South Korea	Communication Services	1,644	631	577
NCsoft Corp.	South Korea	Communication Services	785	584	378
Neste Oil OYJ	Finland	Energy	10,369	699	598
Nestlé SA Reg.	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	8,032	1,227	1,309
Netmarble Corp.	South Korea	Communication Services	4,570	600	525
Newmont Goldcorp Corp. (USD Shares)	United States	Materials	9,306	748	923
Nexon Co. Ltd.	Japan	Communication Services	20,253	555	611
Nihon M&A Center Inc.	Japan	Industrials	19,122	571	340
Nintendo Co. Ltd.	Japan	Communication Services	1,238	811	786
Nissan Chemical Industries Ltd.	Japan	Materials	9,243	619	688
Nitori Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	4,374	903	691
Nitto Denko Corp.	Japan	Materials	8,107	761	736
Novartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	10,950	1,185	1,208
Novo Nordisk AS B	Denmark	Health Care	7,519	820	1,052
NVR Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	81	492	452
Orsted A/S	Denmark	Utilities	4,670	776	741
Persimmon PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	12,341	602	437
Pfizer Inc.	United States	Health Care	11,426	613	739
Pinterest Inc.	United States	Communication Services	7,254	408	223
Pioneer Natural Resources Co.	United States	Energy	1,901	411	594
The Procter & Gamble Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	5,087	892	971
ProLogis Inc.	United States	Real Estate	3,693	577	745
Public Storage	United States	Real Estate	1,996	748	973
Rio Tinto PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	8,582	861	858
Roche Holding AG Genusscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	2,190	970	1,089
Rollins Inc.	United States	Industrials	18,635	805	816
Ross Stores Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	4,292	578	485
S&P Global Inc.	United States	Financials	1,234	598	632
The Sage Group PLC	United Kingdom	Information Technology	62,955	723	726
Sanofi	France	Health Care	8,636	1,103	1,110
SAP AG	Germany	Information Technology	4,514	769	634
SECOM Co. Ltd.	Japan	Industrials	12,002	1,148	1,095
Seek Ltd.	Australia	Communication Services	23,505	653	657

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2022

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ No. of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Segro PLC	United Kingdom	Real Estate	43,500	835	963
Shimadzu Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	13,671	638	596
Shimano Inc.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	2,072	609	600
Shin-Etsu Chemical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Materials	3,547	722	686
Shionogi & Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	9,236	655	716
Sika AG	Switzerland	Materials	1,733	686	723
Singapore Telecommunications Ltd.	Singapore	Communication Services	527,087	1,177	1,284
SKF AB B	Sweden	Industrials	25,000	723	516
Snap Inc.	United States	Communication Services	6,060	373	272
Spirax-Sarco Engineering PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	3,487	915	719
Straumann Holding AG	Switzerland	Health Care	289	748	583
Suntory Beverage & Food Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Staples	18,764	874	900
The Swatch Group AG	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	2,109	798	755
Symrise AG	Germany	Materials	5,779	922	874
Target Corp.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	2,594	698	688
Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson B	Sweden	Information Technology	55,004	807	636
Tenaris SA	Luxembourg	Energy	43,641	630	834
Texas Instruments Inc.	United States	Information Technology	2,936	656	673
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.	United States	Health Care	991	616	731
Thomson Reuters Corp.	Canada	Industrials	7,132	890	968
Toho Gas Co. Ltd.	Japan	Utilities	20,583	671	577
Tractor Supply Co.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	2,703	645	788
Trane Technologies PLC	Ireland	Industrials	3,019	680	576
Trend Micro Inc.	Japan	Information Technology	10,603	670	781
Twitter Inc.	United States	Communication Services	8,143	492	394
Unicharm Corp.	Japan	Consumer Staples	15,459	756	693
Unilever PLC (London Exchange)	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	16,409	1,148	932
UPM-Kymmene OYJ	Finland	Materials	18,283	863	754
Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc.	United States	Health Care	2,450	643	799
Visa Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	2,801	774	776
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	5,885	1,013	1,095
Waste Connections Inc.	Canada	Industrials	6,365	966	1,113
Wesfarmers Ltd.	Australia	Consumer Discretionary	17,702	899	837
West Pharmaceutical Services Inc.	United States	Health Care	1,403	628	720
Weyerhaeuser Co.	United States	Real Estate	10,568	490	500
Wheaton Precious Metals Corp.	Canada	Materials	11,719	628	697
Wolters Kluwer NV	Netherlands	Industrials	7,711	948	1,035
Yakult Hansha Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Staples	11,470	732	770
ZoomInfo Technologies Inc.	United States	Communication Services	4,771	331	356
ZOZO Inc.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	12,181	476	412
Total equities				126,553	125,863
Transaction costs				(119)	—
Total investments				126,434	125,863
Cash and cash equivalents					648
Other assets less liabilities					220
Net assets attributable to unitholders					126,731

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SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2022

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	99.3
Other assets (liabilities)	0.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.3

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	36.0
Japan	14.9
Switzerland	8.7
United Kingdom	7.6
Canada	4.6
Other	4.2
Sweden	3.8
France	3.7
Netherlands	3.2
Hong Kong	2.6
Germany	2.6
Australia	2.4
Denmark	2.1
Finland	1.7
South Korea	1.2
Other assets (liabilities)	0.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.3

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Consumer staples	14.6
Health care	13.2
Industrials	12.5
Materials	12.5
Information technology	11.8
Consumer discretionary	10.0
Real estate	8.3
Communication services	6.3
Energy	4.5
Utilities	3.3
Financials	2.3
Other assets (liabilities)	0.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.3

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, as applicable. In the year an exchange-traded fund (“the ETF”) is established, ‘period’ represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 for the formation date of the ETF.

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF’s registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/NEO Exchange (“the Exchange”).

Mackenzie Financial Corporation (“Mackenzie”) is the manager of the ETF, and together with Wealthsimple Inc., are the promoters of the ETF. Mackenzie is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. IGM Financial Inc. is also the largest shareholder in Wealthsimple Inc. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements (“financial statements”) have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). A summary of the ETF’s significant accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie Financial Corporation on June 3, 2022.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. As such, investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in exchange-traded funds, if any, at FVTPL. Mackenzie has concluded that any exchange-traded funds in which the ETF invests, do not meet either the definition of a structured entity or the definition of an associate.

The ETF’s redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF’s obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF’s units.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or close price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie’s opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The value of futures contracts or swaps fluctuates daily, and cash settlements made daily, where applicable, by the ETF are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2022.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income from interest bearing investments is recognized using the effective interest method. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on an average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income or realized gains (losses) on sale of investments, as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of third-party services that were paid for by brokers during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs (cont'd)

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

The ETF has determined there are no material implications to the ETF's financial statements arising from IFRS issued but not yet effective.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Ongoing uncertainty regarding the duration and long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the effectiveness of vaccines against new variants of the virus contributes to uncertainty regarding the timing of a full economic recovery. As a result, it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact of the pandemic on the financial results and condition of the ETF in future periods.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (cont'd)

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments and application of the fair value option

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Structured entities and associates

In determining whether an unlisted open-ended investment fund or an exchange-traded fund in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definitions of either a structured entity or of an associate, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity or of an associate. Mackenzie has assessed the characteristics of these underlying funds and has concluded that they do not meet the definition of either a structured entity or of an associate because the ETF does not have contracts or financing arrangements with these underlying funds and the ETF does not have an ability to influence the activities of these underlying funds or the returns it receives from investing in these underlying funds.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee (IRC), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Units and Unit Transactions (cont'd)

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2022 and 2021 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2022, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

iii. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

vii. Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
BRL	Brazilian real	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
CAD	Canadian dollars	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CHF	Swiss franc	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CKZ	Czech koruna	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CLP	Chilean peso	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CNY	Chinese yuan	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
COP	Colombian peso	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
CZK	Czech koruna	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: April 21, 2021

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position.

CAD Units were listed on the NEO Exchange under the symbol WSHR. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2022 was \$26.36.

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.50%.

As at March 31, 2022, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$26.40 and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$26.40.

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

(c) Securities Lending

As at March 31, 2022, the ETF did not have any open securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions.

(d) Commissions

	(\$)
March 31, 2022	–

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to replicate, to the extent reasonably possible and before fees and expenses, the performance of the Dow Jones Islamic Market Developed Markets Quality and Low Volatility Index, or any successor thereto. It invests primarily in equity securities of developed world markets that are Shariah-compliant.

ii. Currency risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	March 31, 2022				Impact on net assets			
	Investments	Cash and Short-Term Investments	Derivative Instruments	Net Exposure*	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	%	(\$)	%
USD	46,571	20	–	46,591				
JPY	18,886	12	–	18,898				
EUR	17,058	62	–	17,120				
CHF	10,379	23	–	10,402				
GBP	8,889	40	–	8,929				
SEK	4,852	43	–	4,895				
HKD	3,844	–	–	3,844				
AUD	3,057	65	–	3,122				
DKK	2,645	7	–	2,652				
KOR	1,480	(30)	–	1,450				
SGD	1,284	–	–	1,284				
Total	118,945	242	–	119,187				
% of Net Assets	93.9	0.2	–	94.1				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(5,959)	(4.7)	5,959	4.7

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

As at March 31, 2022, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2022	12,586	9.9	(12,586)	(9.9)

v. Credit risk

As at March 31, 2022, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2022			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	125,863	–	–	125,863
Total	125,863	–	–	125,863

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the period, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

As at March 31, 2022, there were no investments by the Manager and affiliates in the ETF.

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2022, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.